Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 370 Harris County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

August 31, 2023

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 370 August 31, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 370 Harris County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 370 (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 370 Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas January 9, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2023	2022
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 11,057,296 21,630,213	\$ 7,888,358 22,127,986
Total assets	32,687,509	30,016,344
Deferred outflows of resources	55,448	70,690
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 32,742,957	\$ 30,087,034
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 16,389,713 588,481	\$ 14,803,475 431,470
Total liabilities	16,978,194	15,234,945
Deferred inflows of resources	42,768	50,082
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	8,273,852	7,345,119
Restricted Unrestricted	2,697,488 4,750,655	2,783,899 4,672,989
Total net position	\$ 15,721,995	\$ 14,802,007

The total net position of the District increased by \$919,988, or about 6 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2023	2022
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 2,330,9	960 \$ 2,236,234
Charges for services	2,032,2	1,963,079
Other revenues	482,5	521 243,441
Total revenues	4,845,7	770 4,442,754
Expenses:		
Services	2,638,6	544 2,615,388
Depreciation	536,5	533 532,657
Debt service	750,6	605 268,355
Total expenses	3,925,7	3,416,400
Change in net position	919,9	988 1,026,354
Net position, beginning of year	14,802,0	007 13,775,653
Net position, end of year	\$ 15,721,9	995 \$ 14,802,007

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, were \$10,529,268, a increase of \$3,039,696 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$74,332, primarily due to property tax and service revenues exceeding service operations and capital outlay expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$197,167, primarily due to bond principal and interest requirements and contracted services expenditures exceeding property tax revenues.

The capital projects fund's fund balance increased by \$3,162,531, primarily due to proceeds from the sale of Series 2022 bonds exceeding capital outlay expenditures and debt issuance costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to investment income and regional water fee and contracted services expenditures being greater than anticipated and purchased services expenditures being less than anticipated. The fund balance as of August 31, 2023, was expected to be \$4,633,863 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$4,744,945.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	 2023	2022
Land and improvements	\$ 7,685,971	\$ 7,685,971
Water facilities	2,459,062	2,551,010
Wastewater facilities	4,115,939	4,281,514
Drainage facilities	 7,369,241	7,609,491
Total capital assets	\$ 21,630,213	\$ 22,127,986

During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:

Butterfly inlet, automatic metering pump and ATS controller at	
water plant	\$ 38,760

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 14,803,475
Increases in long-term debt	6,998,228
Decreases in long-term debt	(5,411,990)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 16,389,713

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

At August 31, 2023, the District had \$6,715,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

Developers of the District have constructed water, sewer and drainage facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to purchase these facilities from proceeds of future bonds issues subject to approval of the Commission. At August 31, 2023, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$2,972,297 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A+" from Standard & Poor's. The Series 2020 refunding and 2021 refunding bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. The Series 2022 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent if the City complies with the procedures and requirements of Chapter 43, Texas Local Government Code, as amended. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness) and abolish the District within 90 days.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet August 31, 2023

		Debt	Capital				5	Statement
	General	Service	Projects					of Net
	 Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Α	djustments		Position
Assets								
Cash	\$ 325,853	\$ 81,351	\$ 290	\$ 407,494	\$	-	\$	407,494
Certificates of deposit	940,000	700,000	-	1,640,000		-		1,640,000
Short-term investments	3,638,775	1,833,519	3,162,241	8,634,535		-		8,634,535
Receivables:								
Property taxes	5,710	27,751	-	33,461		-		33,461
Service accounts	297,217	-	-	297,217		-		297,217
Accrued penalty and interest	-	-	-	-		15,388		15,388
Accrued interest	18,521	10,665	-	29,186		-		29,186
Interfund receivable	3,734	-	-	3,734		(3,734)		-
Due from others	15	-	-	15		-		15
Capital assets (net of accumulated								
depreciation):								
Land and improvements	-	-	-	-		7,685,971		7,685,971
Infrastructure	 	 	 	 		13,944,242		13,944,242
Total assets	 5,229,825	2,653,286	3,162,531	11,045,642		21,641,867		32,687,509
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred amount on debt refundings	0	 0	0	 0		55,448		55,448
Total assets and deferred								
outflows of resources	\$ 5,229,825	\$ 2,653,286	\$ 3,162,531	\$ 11,045,642	\$	21,697,315	\$	32,742,957

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) August 31, 2023

	(General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	Adi	justments	statement of Net Position
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	323,129	\$ 9	\$	-	\$	323,138	\$	-	\$ 323,138
Accrued interest payable		-	-		-		-		109,302	109,302
Customer deposits		113,930	-		-		113,930		-	113,930
Due to others		42,111	-		-		42,111		-	42,111
Interfund payable		-	3,734		-		3,734		(3,734)	-
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		-	-		-		-		1,615,000	1,615,000
Due after one year			 -						14,774,713	14,774,713
Total liabilities		479,170	3,743		0		482,913		16,495,281	16,978,194
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred property tax revenues		5,710	27,751		_		33,461		(33,461)	_
Deferred amount on debt refundings		-			_		-		42,768	42,768
Deterred unbuilt on deat retainings			 	_		_			.2,700	 12,700
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,710	 27,751		0		33,461		9,307	 42,768
Fund Balances/Net Position										
Fund balances:										
Restricted:										
Unlimited tax bonds		-	2,621,792		-		2,621,792		(2,621,792)	-
Water, sewer and drainage		-	-		3,162,531		3,162,531		(3,162,531)	-
Unassigned		4,744,945	 -				4,744,945		(4,744,945)	<u> </u>
Total fund balances		4,744,945	 2,621,792		3,162,531		10,529,268		(10,529,268)	 0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and fund balances	\$	5,229,825	\$ 2,653,286	\$	3,162,531	\$	11,045,642			
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets									8,273,852	8,273,852
Restricted for debt service									2,555,629	2,555,629
Restricted for capital projects									141,859	141,859
Unrestricted									4,750,655	 4,750,655
Total net position								\$	15,721,995	\$ 15,721,995

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended August 31, 2023

	 eneral Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjı	ustments	atement of ctivities
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 434,035	\$ 1,880,222	\$ -	\$ 2,314,257	\$	16,703	\$ 2,330,960
Water service	452,972	-	-	452,972		-	452,972
Sewer service	621,839	-	-	621,839		-	621,839
Regional water fee	957,478	-	-	957,478		-	957,478
Penalty and interest	28,557	10,314	-	38,871		5,805	44,676
Investment income	 197,604	 98,027	 142,214	 437,845		-	437,845
Total revenues	 2,692,485	 1,988,563	 142,214	 4,823,262		22,508	4,845,770
Expenditures/Expenses							
Service operations:							
Purchased services	658,703	-	-	658,703		-	658,703
Regional water fee	430,704	-	-	430,704		-	430,704
Professional fees	121,854	3,458	-	125,312		3,973	129,285
Contracted services	568,959	43,466	-	612,425		-	612,425
Utilities	66,601	-	-	66,601		-	66,601
Repairs and maintenance	591,217	-	-	591,217		40,264	631,481
Other expenditures	102,291	6,799	355	109,445		-	109,445
Capital outlay	79,024	-	3,549,316	3,628,340		(3,628,340)	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-		536,533	536,533
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	1,760,000	-	1,760,000		(1,760,000)	-
Interest and fees	-	372,007	-	372,007		(48,442)	323,565
Debt issuance costs	 -	 -	 427,040	 427,040		-	 427,040
Total expenditures/expenses	 2,619,353	 2,185,730	 3,976,711	 8,781,794		(4,856,012)	 3,925,782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 73,132	(197,167)	(3,834,497)	(3,958,532)		4,878,520	

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

	C	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adj	justments	tatement of Activities
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Interfund transfers in (out)	\$	1,200	\$ -	\$ (1,200)	\$ -	\$	-	
General obligation bonds issued		-	-	7,000,000	7,000,000		(7,000,000)	
Discount on debt issued			 	 (1,772)	 (1,772)		(1,772)	
Total other financing sources		1,200	 0	 6,997,028	 6,998,228		(7,001,772)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Financing Uses		74,332	(197,167)	3,162,531	3,039,696		(3,039,696)	
Change in Net Position							919,988	\$ 919,988
Fund Balances/Net Position								
Beginning of year		4,670,613	 2,818,959	 	 7,489,572			 14,802,007
End of year	\$	4,744,945	\$ 2,621,792	\$ 3,162,531	\$ 10,529,268	\$	0	\$ 15,721,995

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 370 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective August 30, 1999, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. The District also provides solid waste disposal service.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 21,630,213
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	33,461
Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes is not receivable in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	15,388
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	12,680
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(109,302)

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period		
and are not reported in the funds.	\$	(16,389,713)
	_	
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$	5,192,727

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities ex

are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of respenditures and changes in fund balances because:	
Change in fund balances.	\$ 3,039,696
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs in the current year.	3,047,570
	3,047,370
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	1,772
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sales of bonds because they provide current financial resources to government funds. Principal payments on debt are recorded as expenditures. None of these transactions, however, have any effect on net position.	(5,240,000)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	22,508
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 48,442
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 919,988

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At August 31, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS are reported at net asset value.

At August 31, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Maturities in Years

Туре	Fair Value	Less Than 1 1-5		6-10			More Than 10			
Texas CLASS	\$ 8,634,535	\$ 8,634,535	\$		0	\$		0	\$	0

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from using interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At August 31, 2023, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet at August 31, 2023, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 2,047,494
Investments	 8,634,535
Total	\$ 10,682,029
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash	\$ 407,494
Certificates of deposit	1,640,000
Short-term investments	 8,634,535
Total	\$ 10,682,029

Investment Income

Investment income of \$437,845 for the year ended August 31, 2023, consisted of interest income.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31, 2023:

• Pooled investments of \$8,634,535 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2023, is presented as follows:

	Balances, Beginning		Balances, End
Governmental Activities	of Year	Additions	of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable:			
Land and improvements	\$ 7,685,971	\$ 0	\$ 7,685,971
Capital assets, depreciable:			
Water production and distribution facilities	5,499,255	38,760	5,538,015
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	7,471,805	-	7,471,805
Drainage facilities	10,760,047		10,760,047
Total capital assets, depreciable	23,731,107	38,760	23,769,867
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Water production and distribution facilities	(2,948,245)	(130,708)	(3,078,953)
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	(3,190,291)	(165,575)	(3,355,866)
Drainage facilities	(3,150,556)	(240,250)	(3,390,806)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,289,092)	(536,533)	(9,825,625)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 22,127,986	\$ (497,773)	\$ 21,630,213

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2023, were as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year Increases Decreases		Beginning		Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,715,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 1,760,000	\$ 12,955,000	\$ 1,615,000	
Add premiums on bonds	570,835	-	106,666	464,169	-	
Less discounts on bonds		1,772	19	1,753		
	8,285,835	6,998,228	1,866,647	13,417,416	1,615,000	
Due to developers	6,517,640		3,545,343	2,972,297		
Total governmental activities long-term						
liabilities	\$ 14,803,475	\$ 6,998,228	\$ 5,411,990	\$ 16,389,713	\$ 1,615,000	

General Obligation Bonds

	Refunding Series 2020	Refunding Series 2021
Amounts outstanding, August 31, 2023	\$3,670,000	\$2,285,000
Interest rates	3.00%	3.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	December 1, 2023/2026	December 1, 2023/2028
Interest payment dates	December 1/June 1	December 1/June 1
Callable dates*	N/A	N/A
		Series 2022
Amount outstanding, August 31, 2023		\$7,000,000
Interest rates		3.25% to 4.25%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending		December 1, 2026/2042
Interest payment dates		December 1/June 1
Callable date*		December 1, 2028

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The schedule that follows shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at August 31, 2023:

Year	l	Principal Interest		Interest	Total
2024	\$	1,615,000	\$	412,981	\$ 2,027,981
2025		1,395,000		367,831	1,762,831
2026		1,385,000		326,131	1,711,131
2027		1,415,000		280,869	1,695,869
2028		1,300,000		235,819	1,535,819
2029-2033		2,595,000		800,895	3,395,895
2034-2038		1,625,000		491,562	2,116,562
2039-2043		1,625,000		167,578	 1,792,578
Total	\$	12,955,000	\$	3,083,666	\$ 16,038,666

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 45,000,000
Bonds sold	38,285,000
Refunding bonds voted	45,000,000
Refunding bond authorization used	1,897,512

Due to Developers

Developers of the District have constructed underground utilities on behalf of the District. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$2,972,297. The District has agreed to reimburse these amounts plus interest to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. These amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

Note 5: Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

A. The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.2600 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,893,529 on the taxable valuation of

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

\$728,280,566 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$2,086,060, of which \$252,457 has been paid and \$1,833,603 is due December 1, 2023.

B. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District transferred \$1,200 from the capital projects fund to the general fund. The transfer was in accordance with the rules of the Commission.

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held November 2, 1999, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.0600 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$436,968 on the taxable valuation of \$728,280,566 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 7: Waste Disposal Agreement

On April 3, 2000, the District and AquaSource, L.P., now known as Aqua Texas, Inc., entered into an agreement for the construction and operation of joint wastewater treatment facilities. Under the terms of the agreement, the parties shared construction costs on capacity acquired. The District has acquired 475,000 gallons per day of capacity in the facilities. During the current year, the District incurred operating costs of \$69,375 related to the agreement.

Note 8: Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the West Harris County Regional Water Authority (the Authority). The Authority was created by the Texas Legislature to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of August 31, 2023, the Authority was billing the District \$3.95 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells and \$4.35 per 1,000 gallons for purchased surface water. These amounts are subject to future increases.

Note 9: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

Required Supplementary Informat	tion

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended August 31, 2023

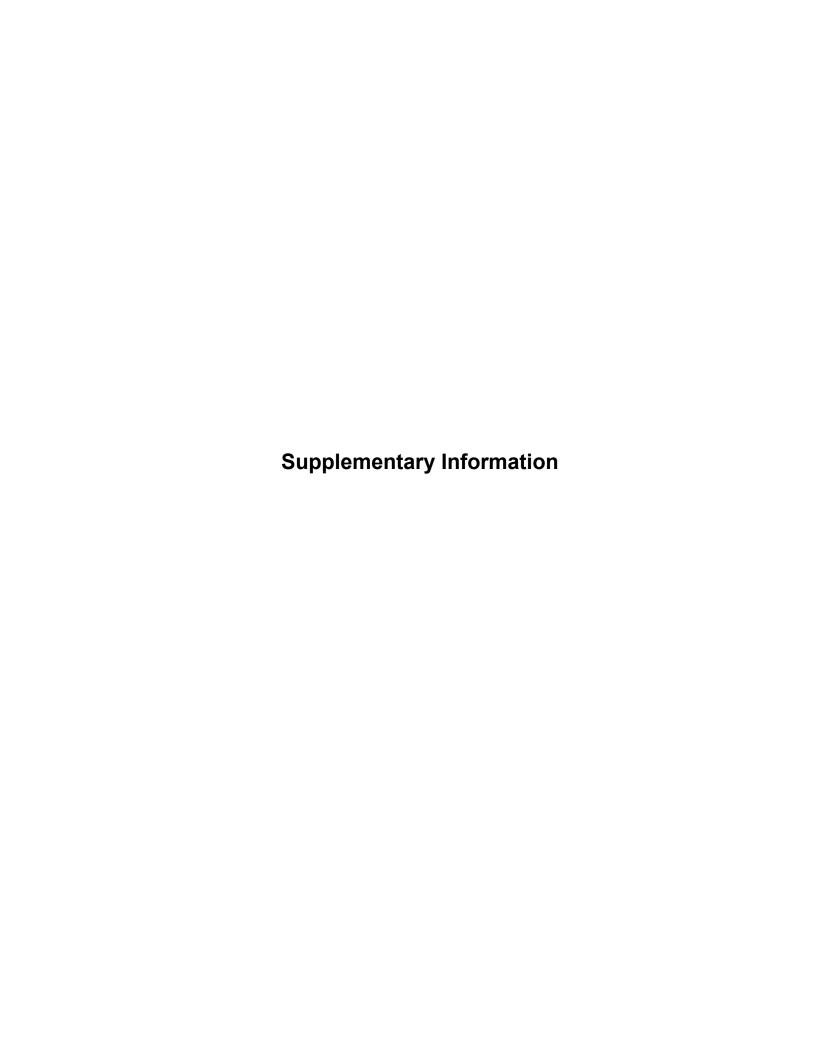
	Original Budget Actual			Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	390,300	\$	434,035	\$	43,735	
Water service		467,000		452,972		(14,028)	
Sewer service		614,300		621,839		7,539	
Regional water fee		986,000		957,478		(28,522)	
Penalty and interest		29,400		28,557		(843)	
Investment income		49,450		197,604		148,154	
Total revenues		2,536,450		2,692,485		156,035	
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services		819,700		658,703		160,997	
Regional water fee		249,900		430,704		(180,804)	
Professional fees		139,800		121,854		17,946	
Contracted services		515,400		568,959		(53,559)	
Utilities		49,700		66,601		(16,901)	
Repairs and maintenance		611,700		591,217		20,483	
Other expenditures		112,000		102,291		9,709	
Capital outlay		75,000		79,024		(4,024)	
Total expenditures		2,573,200		2,619,353		(46,153)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(36,750)		73,132		109,882	
Other Financing Sources				4.000		4.000	
Interfund transfers in		-		1,200		1,200	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(36,750)		74,332		111,082	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		4,670,613		4,670,613			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	4,633,863	\$	4,744,945	\$	111,082	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information August 31, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report August 31, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 14-26
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended August 31, 2023

1.	Services provided by the Distri	ct:							
	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater Parks/Recreation X Solid Waste/Garbage X Participates in joint ventur Other	e, regional system	Wholesale Water Wholesale Wastewa Fire Protection Flood Control and/or wastewater so		Ir 	orainage rrigation ecurity oads cy interconnect)			
2.	Retail service providers								
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter	(or equivalent):							
		Minimum Charge	Minimum R	lat ate //N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage Le	evels		
	Water:	\$ 17.50	10,000	N	\$ 1.00 \$ 1.30 \$ 1.70 \$ 2.10	10,001 to 15,001 to 20,001 to 30,001 to	15,000 20,000 30,000 No Limit		
	Wastewater:	\$ 34.07	1	Y					
	Regional water fee:	\$ 4.35	11	N	\$ 4.35	1,001 to	No Limit		
	Does the District employ winter averaging for wastewater usage?					Yes	No X		
	Total charges per 10,000 gallor	ns usage (including	(fees):	Wat	ter \$ 61.00	Wastewater	\$ 34.07		
	b. Water and wastewater retail	connections:	Total		Active	ESFC	Active		
	Meter Size		Connectio	ns	Connections	Factor	ESFC*		
	Unmetered			_	_	x1.0	_		
	≤ 3/4"		7	66	766	x1.0	766		
	1"		7	80	780	x2.5	1,950		
	1 1/2"					x5.0	-		
	2"			7	7	x8.0	56		
	3"					x15.0	-		
	4"		·		-	x25.0	<u> </u>		
	6"			1	1	x50.0	50		
	8"			1	1	x80.0	80		
	10"			-	1.555	x115.0	2 002		
	Total water			55	1,555	1.0	2,902		
•	Total wastewater	1) 1	1,4	90	1,496	x1.0	1,496		
3.	Total water consumption (in the Gallons pumped into the system		e fiscal year:				235,903		
	Gallons billed to customers:						226,731		
	Water accountability ratio (gall	lons billed/gallons	numped):				96.11%		

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended August 31, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)			\$	-
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$	22,400 67,017 32,437		121,854
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases				658,703
Regional Water Fee				430,704
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services		59,614 - - - 88,800 80,085		228,499
Utilities				66,601
Repairs and Maintenance				591,217
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures		9,402 11,037 13,870 67,982		102,291
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized		38,760 40,264		79,024
Tap Connection Expenditures				-
Solid Waste Disposal				340,460
Fire Fighting				-
Parks and Recreation -				
Other Expenditures				
Total expenditures			\$	2,619,353

Schedule of Temporary Investments August 31, 2023

				Accrued	
	Interest	Maturity	Face	Interest Receivable	
	Rate	Date	Amount		
General Fund					
Certificates of Deposit					
No. 440005906	3.50%	10/12/23	\$ 240,000	\$ 7,433	
No. 6041064	5.00%	06/20/24	230,000	2,268	
No. 6000059789	5.25%	07/26/24	230,000	1,158	
No. 9009004752	3.99%	11/12/23	240,000	7,662	
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	3,638,775		
			4,578,775	18,521	
Debt Service Fund					
Certificates of Deposit					
No. 197879992	3.50%	10/14/23	240,000	7,387	
No. 200000351	5.00%	05/15/24	230,000	2,269	
No. 9009005382	5.34%	04/27/24	230,000	1,009	
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	1,833,519		
			2,533,519	10,665	
Capital Projects Fund					
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	3,162,241	0	
Totals			\$ 10,274,535	\$ 29,186	

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended August 31, 2023

Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes Adjusted receivable, beginning of year 222 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections Adjusted tax levy Total to be accounted for Tax collections: Current year Prior years Receivable, end of year eccivable, by Years 2022	Mair T	Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$	2,376	\$	14,382
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes		401		62
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		2,777		14,444
2022 Original Tax Levy		426,935		1,850,053
Additions and corrections		10,033		43,476
Adjusted tax levy		436,968		1,893,529
Total to be accounted for		439,745		1,907,973
Tax collections: Current year		(432,364)		(1,873,579)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1,671)		(6,643)
Receivable, end of year	\$	5,710	\$	27,751
Receivable, by Years				
2022	\$	4,604	\$	19,950
2021		218		1,021
		118		885
		111		834
		111		830
		111		830
		97		802
		97		857
		103		877
2013		140		865
Receivable, end of year	\$	5,710	\$	27,751

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 148,732,714	\$ 148,715,460	\$ 123,616,184	\$ 120,503,041
Improvements	595,649,056	524,287,005	519,124,546	528,341,760
Personal property	8,645,432	4,950,158	5,027,949	4,744,941
Exemptions	(24,746,636)	(21,382,464)	(17,777,583)	(16,521,671)
Total property valuations	\$ 728,280,566	\$ 656,570,159	\$ 629,991,096	\$ 637,068,071
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.2600	\$ 0.3000	\$ 0.3000	\$ 0.3000
Maintenance tax rates*	0.0600	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.3200	\$ 0.3400	\$ 0.3400	\$ 0.3400
Tax Levy	\$ 2,330,497	\$ 2,232,339	\$ 2,141,970	\$ 2,165,983
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	99%	99%	99%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on November 2, 1999

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years August 31, 2023

			Refundi	ng Series 2020)	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Principal Due ecember 1	Dec	erest Due cember 1, June 1		Total
2024 2025		\$ 1,435,000 1,020,000	\$	88,575 51,750	\$	1,523,575 1,071,750
2026 2027		 1,015,000 200,000		21,225 3,000		1,036,225 203,000
	Totals	\$ 3,670,000	\$	164,550	\$	3,834,550

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2023

				Refundi	ng Series 2021		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31			Principal Due cember 1	Ded	erest Due cember 1, June 1		Total
2024		\$	180,000	\$	70,500	\$	250,500
2025		*	375,000	4	62,175	*	437,175
2026			370,000		51,000		421,000
2027			465,000		36,150		501,150
2028			450,000		20,100		470,100
2029			445,000		6,675		451,675
	Totals	\$	2,285,000	\$	246,600	\$	2,531,600

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) August 31, 2023

				Se	ries 2022	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Principal Due December 1		Interest Due December 1, June 1		Total
2024		\$	-	\$	253,906	\$ 253,906
2025			_		253,906	253,906
2026			-		253,906	253,906
2027			750,000		241,719	991,719
2028			850,000		215,719	1,065,719
2029			850,000		188,094	1,038,094
2030			325,000		168,594	493,594
2031			325,000		157,219	482,219
2032			325,000		145,844	470,844
2033			325,000		134,469	459,469
2034			325,000		123,094	448,094
2035			325,000		111,312	436,312
2036			325,000		98,718	423,718
2037			325,000		85,719	410,719
2038			325,000		72,719	397,719
2039			325,000		59,719	384,719
2040			325,000		46,718	371,718
2041			325,000		33,719	358,719
2042			325,000		20,516	345,516
2043			325,000		6,906	 331,906
	Totals	\$	7,000,000	\$	2,672,516	\$ 9,672,516

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2023

	Annual Requirements For All Series						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Total Principal Due		Total Interest Due			Total ncipal and erest Due
2024 2025		\$	1,615,000 1,395,000	\$	412,981 367,831	\$	2,027,981 1,762,831
2026 2027 2028			1,385,000 1,415,000 1,300,000		326,131 280,869 235,819		1,711,131 1,695,869 1,535,819
2029 2030			1,295,000 325,000		194,769 168,594		1,489,769 493,594
2031 2032 2033			325,000 325,000 325,000		157,219 145,844 134,469		482,219 470,844 459,469
2033 2034 2035			325,000 325,000 325,000		123,094 111,312		439,469 448,094 436,312
2036 2037			325,000 325,000		98,718 85,719		423,718 410,719
2038 2039 2040			325,000 325,000 325,000		72,719 59,719 46,718		397,719 384,719 371,718
2041 2042			325,000 325,000		33,719 20,516		358,719 345,516
2043	Totals	\$	325,000 12,955,000	\$	6,906 3,083,666	\$	331,906

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended August 31, 2023

				Bond I	Issues	i		
		efunding eries 2020		efunding eries 2021	Series 2022			Totals
Interest rates		3.00%		3.00% to 4.00%		3.25% to 4.25%		
Dates interest payable	De	December 1/ June 1		December 1/ June 1		ecember 1/ June 1		
Maturity dates		December 1, 2023/2026		December 1, 2023/2028		December 1, 2026/2042		
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	5,245,000	\$	2,470,000	\$	-	\$	7,715,000
Bonds sold during current year		-		-		7,000,000		7,000,000
Retirements, principal		1,575,000		185,000				1,760,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	3,670,000	\$	2,285,000	\$	7,000,000	\$	12,955,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	133,725	\$	75,975	\$	160,807	\$	370,507

Paying agent's name and address:

Series 2020 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas

Series 2021 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas

Series 2022 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas

Bond authority:		ax Bonds	Other Bonds	F	Refunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$	45,000,000	0	\$	45,000,000
Amount issued	\$	38,285,000	0	\$	1,897,512
Remaining to be issued	\$	6,715,000	0	\$	43,102,488
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as of	Augus	et 31, 2023:		\$	2,614,870
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for	remai	ning term of all d	lebt:	\$	801,933

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
General Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 434,035	\$ 395,280	\$ 250,712	\$ 255,230	\$ 263,262		
Water service	452,972	443,367	402,116	420,316	400,794		
Sewer service	621,839	608,923	597,769	592,401	590,707		
Regional water fee	957,478	910,789	743,738	752,494	637,952		
Penalty and interest	28,557	29,300	39,891	21,579	37,994		
Tap connection and inspection fees	-	159,117	-	-	-		
Investment income	197,604	19,571	26,540	101,903	99,363		
Total revenues	2,692,485	2,566,347	2,060,766	2,143,923	2,030,072		
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services	658,703	746,478	779,000	459,549	503,298		
Regional water fee	430,704	263,492	103,610	380,124	232,384		
Professional fees	121,854	133,170	127,364	117,121	121,001		
Contracted services	568,959	500,702	488,942	472,371	501,255		
Utilities	66,601	55,094	39,302	57,365	49,636		
Repairs and maintenance	591,217	604,271	559,036	511,329	476,556		
Other expenditures	102,291	149,887	77,672	74,654	83,358		
Tap connections	-	83,237	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	79,024	51,155	290,325	25,595	43,343		
Debt service, debt issuance costs	-	1,200	<u> </u>				
Total expenditures	2,619,353	2,588,686	2,465,251	2,098,108	2,010,831		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	73,132	(22,339)	(404,485)	45,815	19,241		
Other Financing Sources							
Interfund transfers in	1,200						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over							
Expenditures and Other Financing	74 222	(22, 220)	(404.495)	45 O15	10.241		
Uses	74,332	(22,339)	(404,485)	45,815	19,241		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	4,670,613	4,692,952	5,097,437	5,051,622	5,032,381		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,744,945	\$ 4,670,613	\$ 4,692,952	\$ 5,097,437	\$ 5,051,622		
Total Active Retail Water Connections	1,555	1,538	1,515	1,540	1,538		
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	1,496	1,479	1,455	1,481	1,479		

Percent	of Fund	Total	Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
16.1 %	15.4 %	12.2 %	11.9 %	13.0
16.8	17.3	19.5	19.6	19.7
23.1	23.7	29.0	27.6	29.1
35.6	35.5	36.1	35.1	31.4
1.1	1.1	1.9	1.0	1.9
-	6.2	-	-	-
7.3	0.8	1.3	4.8	4.9
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
24.5	29.1	37.8	21.4	24.8
16.0	10.3	5.0	17.7	11.5
4.5	5.2	6.2	5.5	6.0
21.1	19.5	23.7	22.0	24.7
2.5	2.2	1.9	2.7	2.4
22.0	23.5	27.1	23.9	23.5
3.8	5.8	3.8	3.5	4.1
-	3.2	-	-	-
2.9	2.0	14.1	1.2	2.1
<u> </u>	0.1	<u> </u>	- -	-
97.3	100.9	119.6	97.9	99.1
2.7 %	(0.9) %	(19.6) %	2.1 %	0.9

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
bt Service Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 1,880,222	\$ 1,851,990	\$ 1,880,309	\$ 1,914,225	\$ 1,974,024		
Penalty and interest	10,314	21,733	13,791	10,999	21,264		
Investment income	98,027	16,132	9,988	45,204	68,195		
Other income		14	43	102	108		
Total revenues	1,988,563	1,889,869	1,904,131	1,970,530	2,063,59		
Expenditures							
Current:							
Professional fees	3,458	6,911	2,527	2,965	4,727		
Contracted services	43,466	42,203	42,289	42,376	42,503		
Other expenditures	6,799	7,137	8,733	7,289	7,20		
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	1,760,000	1,750,000	1,720,000	1,690,000	1,660,000		
Interest and fees	372,007	238,200	271,838	442,945	493,193		
Debt issuance costs	-	114,838	220,729	6,830			
Debt defeasance		12,000	55,000				
Total expenditures	2,185,730	2,171,289	2,321,116	2,192,405	2,207,624		
Deficiency of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	(197,167)	(281,420)	(416,985)	(221,875)	(144,033		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
General obligation bonds issued	-	2,470,000	6,230,000	-			
Premium on debt issued	-	271,015	477,707	-			
Payments with escrow agent		(2,618,086)	(6,478,499)				
Total other financing sources	0	122,929	229,208	0			
Deficiency of Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Financing Uses	(197,167)	(158,491)	(187,777)	(221,875)	(144,03		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,818,959	2,977,450	3,165,227	3,387,102	3,531,133		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,621,792	\$ 2,818,959	\$ 2,977,450	\$ 3,165,227	\$ 3,387,102		

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

023	2022	2021	2020	2019
94.6 %	98.0 %	98.8 %	97.1 %	95.7 %
0.5	1.2	0.7	0.6	1.0
4.9	0.8	0.5	2.3	3.3
<u> </u>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2
2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1
0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4
88.5	92.6	90.3	85.6	80.4
18.7	12.6	14.3	22.5	23.9
-	6.1	11.6	0.3	-
	0.6	2.9	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
109.9	114.9	121.9	111.2	107.0
(9.9) %	(14.9) %	(21.9) %	(11.2) %	(7.0) [%]

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended August 31, 2023

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 370

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, Texas 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623.4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): May 9, 2022

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

\$ 7,20

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires Fees*		Expense Reimbursements		Title at Year-end	
	Elected					
	05/22-					
Steven Reyenga	05/26	\$	1,721	\$	243	President
	Elected					
	05/22-					Vice
Harold Cobb	05/26		1,792		170	President
	Elected					
	05/20-					
Mike Ecklund	05/24		3,947		2,258	Secretary
	Elected					
	05/20-					Assistant
Linda Myers	05/24		1,942		480	Secretary
	Appointed					
	03/22-					Assistant
Chuck Werninger	05/24		0		0	Secretary

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

	Fees and Expense					
Consultants	Date Hired	Reimbursements	Title			
B&A Municipal Tax Service, LLC	10/01/11	\$ 38,035	Tax Assessor/ Collector			
Benchmark Engineering Corporation	01/10/00	82,437	Engineer			
FORVIS, LLP	08/14/00	31,900	Auditor			
Harris Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	16,680	Appraiser			
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/14/18	126,988	Financial Advisor			
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	04/14/03	68,655	Bookkeeper			
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	09/08/99	79,116 186,176	General Counsel Bond Counsel			
TNG Utility Corp.	06/01/12	486,246	Operator			
Ted A. Cox, P.C.	04/14/03	3,458	Delinquent Tax Attorney			
Investment Officers						
Mark. M. Burton and Ghia Lewis	07/12/04	N/A	Bookkeepers			